4-（09） 新概念英语4 要点记住

09 Royal **espionage** 王室谍报活动

·**royal** ['rɔɪ-əl] **adj. 王国的，王室的**；高贵的，庄严的；盛大的；敕许的，敕定的。n. <口>王室成员

·**es-pio-nage** [ˈes-piə-nɑ:ʒ] **n.** **侦察，间谍活动**



Alfred the Great **acted as** his own spy, visiting Danish camps [方式状语**disguised** **as** a **minstrel**]. [In those days] **wandering** **minstrels** were welcome [everywhere]. They were not fighting men, and their **harp** was their passport.

（阿尔弗雷德大帝曾亲自充当间谍。他扮作吟游歌手到丹麦军队的营地里侦察。当时，浪迹天涯的吟游歌手到处受欢迎，他们不是作战人员，竖琴就是他们的通行证。）

·Alfred the Great阿尔弗雷德大帝，古英国国王，22岁登王位。在抵抗丹麦人入侵的斗争中，曾先后与丹麦军交战6年未尝胜绩。他后来潜匿于阿塞尔纳岛，终于大败丹麦军。

**act as常用来表达两种意义：（1)充当/扮作……的角色，（2)起……的作用**，如：

He **acted as** the public prosecutor [when the case was being heard]. 法院审理该案时他**担任**检察官。（**pro-se-cutor** [ˈprɒ-sɪ-kju:-tə(r)] **n. 起诉人；**实行者；**检举人。** **public prosecutor 公诉人，检查官。** 检察官是代表国家进行公诉的人。）

She **acted as** a woman teacher [in the film] . 在该片中她**扮演**一位女教师的角色。

An oar often **acts as** **rudder** . 桨常常可以**起到舵的作用**。

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·act

**(1) n.行为，行动**：

That’s a right wing group （responsible for **several acts （of** terrorism）） . 那是一个需对**若干**恐怖**活动**负责的右翼团体。（terro-ri-sm [ˈterə-rɪ-zəm] **n. 恐怖主义，恐怖手段；威吓，胁迫**；恐怖状态；恐怖统治）

**(2) n.法案，法令，条例**：

They are now lobbying to amend the Gun **Control** **Act**. 他们正游说，要求修改《枪支**管制法案**》。（①**lobby** ['lɒbɪ] **vi. 为了支持或抵制某项特定目标游说。**vt. 对…进行游说；陈情（试图努力影响某人采取有利行动）。 ②**a-mend** [ə-'mend] **vt.& vi. 改良，修改；修订**）

**(3) n.(剧）幕**:

Hamlet kills the king [in **Act 5**，Scene 2] . 哈姆雷特在第2场**第5幕**中，杀掉了国王。

**(4) vi. (as，on，for)做；扮演；充当；采取行动**：

She **acted [on our suggestion]** . 她**按我们的建议行事**。

He’s a lawyer （**acting for** Mr. Miller）. 他是**为**密勒先生**作代理**的律师。

**(5) vi. (on，upon)起作用，见效**：

Does the drug take long / to **act upon** the nerve centres 这种药物需很长时间，才能对神经中枢**起作用**吗？（**nerve** [nə:v] **n. 神经。 nerve centre 神经中枢，中枢**）

**(6) vi. 举动像，装出**：

Don’t **act [foolishly]** ! 别**装傻**！

**(7) vt. 扮演**：

Are you going to **act** Prince Hamlet ? 你打算**扮演**哈姆雷特王子吗？

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·Alfred the Great **acted as** his own spy, visiting Danish camps **disguised** **as** a **minstrel**.

**Da-nish** [ 'dei-niʃ] **a.丹麦的，丹麦人的，丹麦语的**

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·**dis-gui-se** [dɪs-'ɡaɪz] **vt.，n. 隐瞒，掩饰；伪装，假装**；**化装**；掩盖



**1.VERB假扮；化妆；乔装**If you disguise yourself, you put on clothes which make you look like someone else or alter your appearance in other ways, so that people will not recognize you.

She **disguised** herself **as** a man [so she could fight [on the battlefield]]. 她**女扮男装**，这样就可以上战场了。

disguised

The extremists entered the building [**disguised as** medical workers]... 极端分子**伪装成**医务工作者，进入了大楼。（**ex-tre-mist** [ɪkˈs-tri:-mɪst] **n. 极端主义者，偏激的人。**adj. 极端主义的，过激论的）

I was **heavily disguised**. 我**从头到脚伪装了一番**。

**2.VERB掩盖；掩饰**To disguise something means to hide it or make it appear different so that people will not know about it or will not recognize it.

He made no attempt to **disguise his agitation**... 他毫不**掩饰**自己的**焦虑不安**。（**agi-ta-tion** [ˌæ-dʒɪ-ˈteɪ-ʃn] **n. 焦虑；烦恼；不安**）

Their healthy image **disguises the fact {that** they are highly processed foods}... 它们看上去有益健康，实则**掩盖了**其为精加工食品**这一事实**。（**pro-cess** [prə-'ses] n. 过程；工序；做事方法；工艺流程。**vt. 加工；处理**；审阅；审核。vi. 列队行进）

I played along, and **disguised my voice**. 我将错就错，**换了一副嗓子说话**。（**play along** PHRASAL VERB**（暂且对…）附和；（暂时与…）合作**If you **play along with** a person, with what they say, or with their plans, you appear to agree with them and do what they want, even though you are not sure whether they are right.）

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·**min-strel** [ 'min-strәl] **n.中世纪的吟游歌手**

**ADJ流浪的；漂泊的**Wandering is used to describe people who travel around rather than staying in one place for a long time.

...a band （of **wandering** musicians）. 一群**漂泊的**音乐人



·Alfred the Great **acted as** his own spy, [方式状语visiting Danish camps [方式状语**disguised** **as** a **minstrel**]].

visiting…minstrel为「现在分词」短语，在句中作「方式状语」，修饰 acted。

disguised as a minstrel 为「过去分词」短语，在 visiting ……minstrel短语中作「方式状语」，修饰visiting，这样表达出“扮作吟游歌手到丹麦军队的营地”的含义。

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·[In those days] **wandering** **minstrels** were welcome [everywhere]. They were not fighting men, and their **harp** was their passport.

**wan-de-ring** [ 'wɔn-dә-riŋ] **a.漫游的；闲逛的**

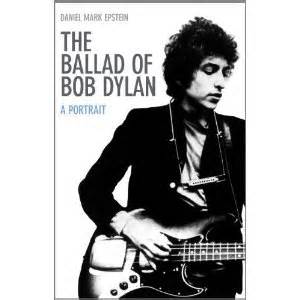
**harp** [ ha:p] **n.竖琴**



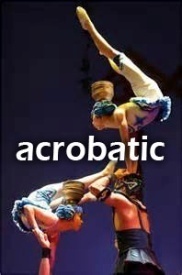
Alfred had learned many of their **ballads** [in his youth], and could **vary** his programme [with **acrobatic** **tricks** / and simple **conjuring]**.

（阿尔弗德年轻时学过许多民歌，并能穿插演一些杂技和小魔术，使自己的节目多样化。）

·**ballad** [ 'bæ-lәd] **n.民歌**

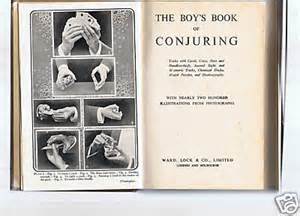


·**acro-ba-tic** [ 'ækrә-'bæ-tik] **a.杂技的**



·**trick** [trɪk] **n. 戏法，把戏；计谋，诀窍**；骗局；恶作剧

·**con-ju-ring** [ 'kʌn-dʒә-riŋ] **n.魔术，戏法**



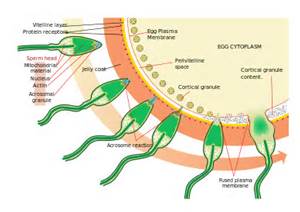
While Alfred's little army slowly began to gather at **Athelney**, the king himself set out to **penetrate** the camp （of **Guthrum**）, （同位语the commander of the Danish **invaders**）. These had settled down [目的状语for the winter] [地点状语at **Chippenham**]: **thither** Alfred went.

（阿尔弗雷德人数不多的军队，开始在阿塞尔纳慢慢集结时，他亲自潜入丹麦入侵司令官古瑟罗姆的营地。丹麦军已在切本哈姆扎下营准备过冬，阿尔弗雷便来到此地。）

·**Athelney n.阿塞尔纳(英国一个小岛)**

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·**pene-trate** ['pe-nə-treɪt] vt. 穿透，刺入；**渗入；秘密潜入**；洞悉，明了



**VERB打入，渗透（敌人或竞争对手内部）**If someone penetrates an enemy group or a rival organization, they succeed in joining it in order to get information or cause trouble.

The CIA had requested our help [to **penetrate** a drugs ring operating [out of Munich]]... 美国中央情报局，已请求我们协助其**打入**在慕尼黑市外活动的贩毒集团。

The army was one of the few institutions （the secret police were not encouraged to **penetrate**）.

军队是不鼓励秘密警察渗入的少数机构之一。（ins-titu-tion [ˌɪns-tɪ-ˈtju:-ʃn] **n. （大学、银行等规模大的）机构**）

penetration

...the **successful** **penetration** （by the KGB of the French intelligence service）.

克格勃对法国情报机构的**成功渗透**

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·the king himself set out to **penetrate** the camp （of **Guthrum**）, （同位语the commander of the Danish **invaders**）.

（1）**set out 可用来表示“开始”、“着手”、“出发”等含义，其后需使用「动词不定式」形式**，如：

Then they **set out** to climb the hill. 随后他们**开始**爬山。

She usually **sets out** to write her novel [at eight at night]. 她通常在晚上8点钟**开始**写小说。

（2）Guthmm为当时入侵英国的丹麦首领，公元875年5月被 Alfred the Great打败后，改信基督教，并认其为教父。

（3）the commander of the Danish invaders 为 Guthrum 的同位语。

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·……（同位语the commander of the Danish **invaders**）.

**inva-der** [ɪn-'veɪ-də(r)] **n. 侵略者；侵入者**；侵犯者；侵入物

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·These had settled down [目的状语for the winter] [地点状语at **Chippenham**]: **thither** Alfred went.

（1）These 这里指 the Danish invaders。

（2）**settle down 驻扎，**这里使用「过去完成时态」，用来说明该动作为Alfred做出went动作之前已经完成的动作。

（3）Chippenham n.切本哈姆(英国一城市)

（4）**thither** Alfred **went**，这里使用了「倒装语序」，以使上下文连接更为紧密。**thither意为to that place(向那里），旧用法，**因为这里描述的是古时发生的事件，作者以此来拉近读者与所发生事件的距离，使之显得更为生动。

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·**thi-ther** [ 'ði-ðә] **ad.向那里，到那边，向那方**

**ADV到那里；向那边**Thither means to the place that has already been mentioned.

They have **dragged** themselves **thither** [目的状语for shelter]. 他们**费力地挪动到那边**躲避。（**drag** [dræɡ] **vt. 拖拽；吃力地往前拉**；拖地而行）

She ran **hither and thither** [in the orchard]. 她在果园里到处跑。（hi-ther [ˈhɪ-ðə(r)] **adv. <古>到此处，向此处。hither and thither 到处，向各处，忽此忽彼**）

[In the dusk （of the late september day）] they **went thither** [by secret ways]. 在九月末的薄暮之中，她们沿着隐秘的路径**走到那里**。（**dusk** [dʌsk] **n. 黄昏，傍晚**；**幽暗。**adj. 微暗的；变暗的； v. 变暗；使变暗）

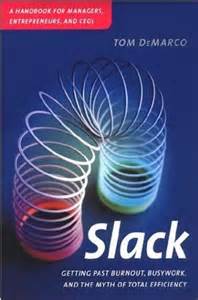
In heaven. **Send thither** to see. 在天堂。您可**派**人**去那里**找他。

He noticed [at once] {that **discipline** was **slack**: the **Danes** had the self-confidence （of **conquerors**）, and their **security** **precautions** were **casual**}. They lived well, on the **proceeds** （of **raids** on **neighbouring** **regions**）.

（他马上发现丹麦军纪律松弛，他们以征服者自居，安全措施马马虎虎。他们靠掠夺附近的地区的财物，过着舒适的生活。）

·**di-sci-pline** ['dɪsə-plɪn] vt. 训练；使有纪律；处罚；使有条理。**n. 训练；纪律**；学科；符合行为准则的行为（或举止）

·**slack** [ slæk] **a.涣散的**



**slack** [slæk] **adj. 松（弛）的**；清淡的；不活跃的；**懈怠的。v. 懈怠；偷懒；**减速；放松

slack的基本意思是指某人做某事时“懈怠,偷懒”,用于交通工具时指“减速”。

slack既可用作vi.，也可用作vt.。用作vt.时,接名词或代词作宾语； **用作vi.时,常与down, off, up等连用。**

**1.ADJ-GRADED松弛的；没拉紧的**Something that is slack is loose and not firmly stretched or tightly in position.

The boy's **jaw went slack**. （**下巴松了**）男孩**张大了嘴巴。**（**jaw** [dʒɔ:] **n. 下巴；颌**；唠叨；）

**2.ADJ-GRADED萧条的；清淡的；不景气的**A slack period is one in which there is not much work or activity.

**Business is slack** [at this season]. 在这个季节**生意清淡萧条**。

The workload can be evened out, instead of the shop having busy times and **slack periods**. 工作量可以平均开来，不像商店那样有时很忙，**有时很闲**。（①even ['i:vn] **vt. 使平坦；使相等。** ②**work-load** [ˈwɜ:kˌ-ləʊd] **n. （某一人或组织）工作量，工作负担**）

**3.ADJ-GRADED松懈的；懈怠的**Someone who is slack in their work does not do it properly.

Many publishers have simply become **far too slack**. 许多出版商就是变得**过于懈怠了**。

slackness

She was shocked at **the slack discipline** （in the school）. 对于学校**松弛的纪律**，她感到震惊。

After intense work in the summer, we are **slack off** now. 夏季紧张的工作过後，我们现在**放松了**。

He accused the government of **slackness** and complacency. 他谴责政府的**懈怠**和自满。（①**accuse sb of sth/of doing sth中of后强调“指责，指控的内容”。**如，They accused Tony of cheating. 他们指责托尼作弊。 ②**com-pla-cen-cy** [kəm-ˈpleɪ-sn-si] **n. 自满，满足；自鸣得意**）

**4.VERB疏忽；懈怠；松劲**If someone is slacking, they are not working as hard as they should.

He had never let a foreman see **him slacking**. 他从未在哪个工头面前，表现出丝毫**懈怠**。

Slack off means the same as slack . **slack off 同 slack**

If someone **slacks off**, Bill comes down hard. 如果**有人怠工**，比尔就会严厉地加以斥责。

Don't **slack off** in your studies. 不要**荒费你的学业**。

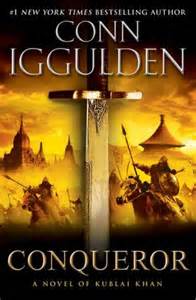
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·He noticed [at once] {that **discipline** was **slack**: the **Danes** had the self-confidence （of **conquerors**）,

slack后**的冒号后，引出的内容均为说明性文字，**用来对discipline was slack进行具体说明。

**Dane** [ dein] **n.丹麦人**

**con-que-ror** [ 'kɔŋ-kә-rә] **n.征服者，占领者**



·the **Danes** had the self-confidence （of **conquerors**）, and their **security** **precautions** were **casual**}.

**se-cu-rity**[sɪ-'kjʊə-rətɪ] **n. 安全；保证，担保；保护，防护**；有价证券。**adj. 安全的，保安的，**保密的

**pre-cau-tion** [prɪ-ˈkɔ:-ʃn] **n. 预防，防备，警惕；预防措施**；避孕措施



·**casual** [ 'kæ-ʒjuәl] **a.马虎的，随便的。**casual 强调无意或无预谋,指人、行动、衣着时,常侧重随随便便或漠不关心。

**ADJ-GRADED漫不经心的；（故作）随意的**If you are casual, you are, or you pretend to be, relaxed and not very concerned about what is happening or what you are doing.

He was wearing **casual clothes**. 他穿着**便服**。

He took **casual job** to support the family. 他做些**临时性的工作**来养家。

He sidled past, trying to **seem casual**. （**看上去漫不经心的样子**）他悄悄地溜了过去,竭力装作漫不经心的样子。

It's difficult for me {to be **casual about anything**}... 要我**轻松处事**，很难。

He's an easy-going, friendly young man [with a **casual** sort ofattitude towards money]. 他是个随和、友善的年轻人，不太在意金钱。（**easy-going adj.从容不迫的, 随和的，容易相处的。**（直译是“容易走进的人，容易接近的人”））

casually

'No need to hurry,' Ben **said casually**. “不必急，”本**漫不经心地说**。

**ca-sual-ness**  ['kæ-ʒʊəl-nəs]  **n. 随便，漫不经心**

Bayldon asked the question [with **studied** **casualness]**. 贝尔顿**故作轻松地**问了那个问题。（**studied** [ˈstʌ-did] **adj. 精心安排的；刻意的。**有计划的；**故意的；**深思熟虑的）

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·They lived well, on the **proceeds** （of **raids** on **neighbouring** **regions**）.

**proceeds n.所得**

**raid** [reɪd] **n.，vt.，vi.（骑兵队等的）急袭，突然袭击，突击，**（军舰等的）游击；劫掠，劫夺，（盗贼，狐等的）侵入；突然查抄[搜捕]，围捕

**neigh-bou-ring** [ˈneɪ-bə-rɪŋ] **adj. 邻近的；接壤的**

**re-gion** ['ri:-dʒən] **n. 地区，地域，地带**；行政区，管辖区；（大气，海水等的）层，界，境；



·They lived well, on the **proceeds** （of **raids** on **neighbouring** **regions**）.

（1）on the proceeds of中的**on与动词lived搭配使用，构成live on，表示“靠……生活”之意**，如：

Their family **lived mainly on** the earnings （of their parents） . 他们家**主要靠**他们父母的收入**生活**。

（2）**这里因为well与on the…regions并列作“状语”，所以用逗号分断。**

（3）neighbouring regions前的**on与raid搭配使用，用来表示“袭击”之意**，如:

Their army **made a raid on** the enemy coast. 他们的部队**突袭了**敌方的海岸。（**raid on 对…的袭击**）

There they collected women [**as well as** food and drink], and a life of **ease** had made them soft.

（他们不仅搜刮吃的喝的，而且抢掠妇女，安逸的生活已使丹麦军队变得软弱无力。）

·**…（重点） as well as …（非重点）：不仅…而且…。这里应当注意的是，在使用此连词时（与使用not only…but also ……不同），其侧重点为as well as前（即汉语中“而且”后）的内容，**如：

You can not expect her to do the homework **as well as** look after the children. 你不能指望她**又**照看孩子**又**做家庭作业。

as well as 用法，有两个意思：

1、as well as常用来连接两个并列的成分，作“也，还”解。**它强调的是前一项，后一项只是顺便提及。因此连接并列主语时，谓语动词与前一项一致；**而用not only ...but also...连接时，谓语动词与后一项一致。如：

{Your wife **as well as** you} is friendly to me. 不仅你，而且你的妻子也对我很友好。（＝Not only you / but also your wife is friendly to me.）

Electric energy can be changed into light energy **as well as** into sound energy. 电能既可以被转变成声能，又可以被转变成光能。

2、as well as 用来表示同级比较，指“一样好”。如：

You look **as well as** you did ten years ago. 你的身体看起来还**和**十年前**一样好**。

————————————

·There they collected women [**as well as** food and drink], and a life of **ease** had made them soft.

**a life of ease ( —种）安逸/舒适的生活**。

Alfred stayed in the camp a week [before he returned to Athelney（地名）]. The force （there **assembled**） was **trivial** [compared with the Danish **horde**].

（阿尔弗雷德在敌营呆了一个星期后，回到了阿塞尔纳。他集结在那里的军队和丹麦大军相比，是微不足道的，）

·stay

stay的基本意思是“保持同样状态或者停留在同一地方”,可指人或使人等停留、居住、留宿、暂住某处或某段时间,也可指人、天气等保持某种状态。

**(1) vi.停留，逗留**：

I **stayed in bed** [until ten o’clock]. 我**在床上**一直**呆**到10点。

The teacher asked me to **stay** [behind after class] . 老师让我下课后**留下**。

I’ll **stay in** [this afternoon] [because I’m tired]. 我累了，下午就**不出去了**。（**stay in 留在家中，不外出**）

**(2) vi.保持**：

I tried to **stay still**. 我尽力**保持不动**。

**(3) vi .暂住**：

Which hotel are you **staying at** ? 你**（暂）住在**哪家酒店？ （**stay at 暂住在 ...； 投宿在 ...；停留在…**）

**(4) n.(可数）居住**:

Did you enjoy **your stay** （in London）? 您在伦敦过得愉快吗？

————————————

·The force （there **assembled**） was **trivial** [compared with the Danish **horde**].

（1）**assemble** [ ә'sembl] **v.集合**

there assembled为「过去分词」短语，作“定语”，修饰the force。正常语序应为assembled there。**这里的there指Athelney，现将其提前，有对该「地点状语」进行强调的意味。**

（2）compared with the Danish horde在句中作“状语”，表示“与丹麦军相比”之意。

**compare…with…：把…同…相比**，如：

You may **compare** this article **with** that one，and then you’ll see which is better . 你可以**把**这篇文章**同**那篇文章**比一比**，那样你就可以看出哪一篇文章好一些了。

————————————

·The force （there **assembled**） was **trivial** [compared with the Danish **horde**].

**tri-vial** [ 'tri-viәl] **a.微不足道的**

horde在这里用来指军队。

————————————

·**horde** [hɔ:d, həʊrd] **n. 一大群；游牧部落**

**A horde of children** ran over the office building. **一大群孩子**在办公大楼里到处奔跑。

There were **hordes of people** [at the jumble sale]. 废旧货物拍卖市场上**人山人海**。

But Alfred had **deduced** {that the Danes were no longer fit for **prolonged** battle}: and {that their **commissariat** had no organization, but depended on **irregular** raids}.

（然而，阿尔弗雷德断定，丹麦人已不再适应持久的战争，他们的军需供应处于无组织状态，只是靠临时抢夺来维持。）

·**de-duce** [dɪ-'dju:s] **vt. 推论，推断**；演绎；追溯根源

**VERB推论；推断；演绎**If you deduce something or deduce that something is true, you reach that conclusion because of other things that you know to be true.

Alison had **cleverly deduced {that** I was the author （of the letter）}. 艾莉森已经**聪明地推断出**，那封信就是我写的。

{The date of the document} can be **deduced** [from references to the Civil War]... 这份文件的日期，可以从其中多次提到内战之处**进行推断**。（**refe-ren-ce** ['re-frəns] **n. 提及；谈到Reference to** someone or something is the act of talking about them or mentioning them. A reference is a particular example of this.）

She hoped he **hadn't deduced** the reason （for her visit）. 她希望他**还没有推断出**。她此次来访的原因。

————————————

·But Alfred had **deduced** {that the Danes were no longer fit for **prolonged** battle}:

（1）that引导的从句作动词deduced的宾语。

（2）**no longer不再。**

（3）**be fit for适应，适合，适宜于。常用来表示资格、能力、条件等适应、适合或适宜于某种目的、某项任务、某种情况等，**如：

He has recovered from illness recently；he **is**，therefore，**not fit for** such an arduous task . 他的病刚好，因此**不适于承担**这样艰巨的任务。（ar-duous [ˈɑ:-dʒu:-əs] **adj. 努力的；艰巨的；难克服的**；陡峭的）

————————————

·But Alfred had **deduced** {that the Danes were no longer fit for **prolonged** battle}:

**prolonged** [prə-ˈlɒŋd] **a.持久的**

**ADJ-GRADED长期的；持续很久的；时间长的**A prolonged event or situation continues for a long time, or for longer than expected.

..**.a prolonged period （of** low interest rates）. **长期的**低利率

...a **prolonged** drought. **长期的**干旱 （**drought** [draʊt] **n. 干旱（时期），旱季；旱灾**；（长期的）缺乏；枯竭）

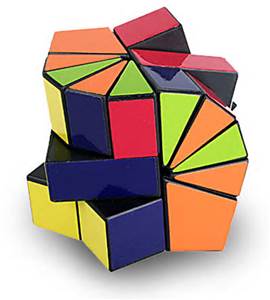


·and {that their **commissariat** had no organization, but depended on **irregular** raids}.

**com-mi-ssary** [ 'kɔ-mi-sәri] **n.军粮供应；**物资供应所，（军营、监狱等的）杂货商店



·**i-rre-gular** [ɪ-ˈre-gjə-lə(r)] **adj. 不规则的，**不对称的；**无规律的；**不合规范的，不合法的；不规则变化的。n. 非正规军军人；不规则物；不合规格的产品



**1.ADJ-GRADED不定时的；不定期的**If events or actions occur at irregular intervals, the periods of time between them are of different lengths.

Cars passed [at **irregular** intervals]... 断断续续地有汽车驶过。（**in-ter-val** [ˈintə-vəl] **n. （事件、日期之间的）间隔。at intervals每隔一段时间；时而**）

She was taken to hospital [suffering from **an irregular heartbeat**]... 她因**心律不齐**被送往医院。

He was **eating irregularly**, steadily losing weight. （adv.）他**饮食无规律**，慢慢消瘦了下去。

**2.ADJ-GRADED不规则的；不平整的；不直的**Something that is irregular is not smooth or straight, or does not form a regular pattern.

The coastline （in this area） is **quite irregular**. 这个地区的海岸线**非常不整齐**。（**coast-line** [ˈkəʊst-laɪn] **n. 海岸线；海岸地形（或轮廓）**）

The paint was drying [in **irregular** patches]... 油漆**一片片地**慢慢变干了。（patch n.（表面上）与周围不同的部分。补丁；补片。 **in patches 有些部分，不完全地**）

He had bad teeth, **irregular** and discolored. 他牙齿长得不好，**参差不齐**而且有些发黄。（**dis-color** [dɪs-'kʌlə] **v.，n. （使）变色，（使）褪色**）

irregularly

{Located off-center inthe **irregularly shaped** lake} was a fountain. 在这个**形状不规则的**湖泊的湖心以外的地方，有一眼喷泉。（**off-center** adj.& adv. **偏心的（地），偏离中心的（地）**）

**3.ADJ-GRADED（行为）欺骗性的，不正当的，不合常规的**Irregular behaviour is dishonest or not in accordance with the normal rules.

...the minister （accused of **irregular business practices**）... 被控**有违规商业行为**的部长

'Will you do this for me, Leo? It's the only way.' — 'It's **highly irregula**r, Ralph.' “利奥，你能为我做这件事吗？这是唯一的办法了。”——“拉尔夫，这么做是**很不正当的**。”

To go away [without telling your father] is **most irregular.** 不跟你父亲打个招呼就走**是非常不合适的**。

**irre-gu-la-rity** [ɪ-ˌre-gjə-ˈlæ-rəti] **n.** **不规则，无规律；非正则，非正式；不整齐；不规则的事物**

...charges （arising from alleged **financial irregularities**）. 因为涉嫌**金融违规操作**面临的指控

**4.ADJ（动词、名词或形容词）不规则的**An irregular verb, noun, or adjective has different forms from most other verbs, nouns, or adjectives in the language. For example, 'break' is an irregular verb because its past form is 'broke', not 'breaked'.

**5.ADJ（部队）非正规的**Irregular troops do not belong to an official national army.

At least 17 different **irregular units** are engaged in the war. 至少有 17 个**非正规军部队**参战。

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·But Alfred had **deduced** {that the Danes were no longer fit for **prolonged** battle}: and {that their **commissariat** had no organization, but depended on **irregular** raids}.

本句冒号后的and their …… raids起到双重作用：（1)作动词 deduced 的宾语；（2)对 Danes were……prolonged battle 作附加说明。

So, faced with the Danish **advance**, Alfred did not risk open battle / but **harried** the enemy. He was constantly <表on the move>, **drawing** the Danes after him. His **patrols** **halted** the raiding parties: hunger **assailed** the Danish army.

（因此，面对丹麦人的进攻，阿尔弗雷德没有贸然同敌人作战，而是采用骚扰敌人的战术。他的部队不停地移动，牵着敌人的鼻子，让他们跟着跑。他派出巡逻队阻止敌人抢劫，因而饥饿威胁着丹麦军队。）

·**advance VERB（常指为攻击而）前进，推进**To advance means to move forward, often in order to attack someone.

Reports （from Chad） suggest {that rebel forces are **advancing** on the capital}... 来自乍得的报告显示，叛军正向首都推进。（**rebel** ['rebl] **n. 反政府的人；反叛者；造反者**；叛逆者。adj. 反抗的；造反的）

The water is **advancing** [at a rate of 5cm a day]... 水位正以每天5厘米的速度**上升**。

...a picture （of a man （throwing himself [before **an advancing tank**]））. 一名男子冲向**迎面开来的坦克**的一幅照片



·So, [时间状语faced with the Danish **advance**], Alfred did not risk open battle / but **harried** the enemy.

faced with the Danish advance为「过去分词」短语，作「时间状语」，修饰risk和harried，用来表明这两个动作发生的时间。

**be faced with面对。**多用来表示一种往往不是出于主语意愿的状态，如：

They **were faced with** many difficulties （which，with the help of their neighbours），they overcame one by one .他们**遭遇到**很多困难，但是在邻居们的帮助下，他们把困难一个一个地克服了。

**Faced with** this new turn （of events），we decided to revise our original plan . **面对**事态的新变化，我们决定修改原定计划。（**re-vise** [rɪ-'vaɪz] **vt. 修订；改变；修正**）

————————————

·So, faced with the Danish **advance**, Alfred did not risk open battle / but **harried** the enemy.

**harry** [ 'hæ-ri] **v.骚扰；一再骚扰；使烦恼；**在战争中攻击

He is increasingly active in **harrying** the government [in late-night debates]. 他越来越活跃，在深夜辩论中不断**攻击**政府。



·He was constantly <表on the move>, [结果状语**drawing** the Danes after him].

**drawing the Danes after him牵着**丹麦人**的鼻子而让他们跟着他跑。**「现在分词」短语作「结果状语」，修饰was constantly on the move.

————————————

·His **patrols** **halted** the raiding parties: hunger **assailed** the Danish army.

**patrol [pə'trəʊl] v.，n.** 巡逻，巡查；**巡逻队**，**侦察队**

**冒号后的部分为说明语，表示结果，**即表示做出halted raiding parties动作后所产生的结果。

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·**halt** [hɔ:lt] **vt. 使停止；使中断；阻止**；使立定

halt用作名词时意为“停止”,转化为动词意为“使停止”“制止”,多指骤然有力、果断地、暂时地终止。



**1.V-ERG（使）停止行进；（使）停住**When a person or a vehicle halts or when something halts them, they stop moving in the direction they were going and stand still.

They **halted** [at a short distance from the house]... 他们在离房子不远处**停了下来**。

The engine note changed [as the aircraft landed, taxied and **halted**]... 发动机的声音随着飞机着陆、滑行和**停下**一直在变化。（**taxi** ['tæksɪ] n. 出租车；**滑行**。vi. 乘出租车；**（指飞机）在地面或水面滑行**）

She held her hand out flat, to **halt him**. 她平伸出一只手掌，要**挡住他**。

**2.V-ERG（使）（生长、发展、活动等）停止（或中止）**When something such as growth, development, or activity halts or when you halt it, it stops completely.

No one can **halt the advance** （of history）. 谁也**阻挡**不了历史**的前进**。

Striking workers **halted production** at the auto plant [yesterday]...

罢工工人于昨日，**停止了**汽车厂的**生产**。（**plant** N-COUNT**工厂；发电厂**A **plant** is a factory or a place where power is produced. **auto plant 汽车工厂**）

He criticised the government for failing to **halt economic decline**... 他批评政府未能**遏止经济下滑**。（de-cline [dɪ-'klaɪn] **n. 下降；（力量、健康、品格、权力、价值等的）衰退；下倾**）

Exports have not been **halted completely** [because another line is operational]. 出口并没有**完全停止**，因为另一条生产线还能运转。

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·His **patrols** **halted** the raiding parties: hunger **assailed** the Danish army.

·**as-sail** [ ә-'seil] **v.** **猛烈袭击；暴力攻击。猛烈抨击；强烈指责**

Dividing his command, Morgan **assailed** both strongholds [at the same time]... 根派遣部队同时**袭击**了两个据点。



[Now] Alfred began a long series of **skirmishes** ——and [within a month] the Danes had **surrendered**. The **episode** could **reasonably** serve as a unique **epic** （of **royal** **espionage**）!

BERNARD NEWMAN Spies in Britain

（这时，阿尔弗雷德发起一连串小规模的进攻，结果不出一个月，丹麦人就投降了。这一幕历史可以说是王室谍报活动中最精彩的篇章。.）

·**skir-mish** ['skɜ:-mɪʃ] **n.，v. 小规模战斗；小争论；小冲突**

****

·**sur-ren-der** [sə-'ren-də(r)] **vi. 投降；屈服；自首。**vt. 使投降；放弃；交出；听任



·破折号后引出被强调部分。and … surrendered表示结果，即表示做出began a long series of skirmishes动作后所产生的结果。

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·The **episode** could **reasonably** serve as a unique **epic** （of **royal** **espionage**）!

**episode** [ 'episәud] **n.一个事件，片断**



·**rea-so-nably** [ˈri:z-nə-bli] **adv. 合理地；有理性地；相当地**

**1.ADJ-GRADED（人）公平的，明智的，理智的，有判断力的**If you think that someone is fair and sensible you can say that they are reasonable.

He's a **reasonable** sort of chap... 他是个**理智的**家伙。（**chap** [tʃæp] **n. 小伙子，小家伙，家伙**）

Oh, come on, **be reasonable**. 噢，好了，**理智一点**。

reasonably

'I'm sorry, Andrew,' she **said reasonably**. “我很抱歉，安德鲁，”她**很懂事地说道**。

reasonableness

'I can understand how you feel,' Desmond **said [with great reasonableness]**.

“我能理解你的感受，”德斯蒙德**很通情达理地说**。

**2.ADJ-GRADED（决定或行动）公平的，合理的**If you say that a decision or action is reasonable, you mean that it is fair and sensible.

...a **perfectly reasonable** decision... **完全合理的**决定

At the time, {what he'd done} had **seemed reasonable**. 那时他的所作所为**似乎很合理**。

**3.ADJ-GRADED（期望或解释）合理的，有道理的**If you say that an expectation or explanation is reasonable, you mean that there are good reasons why it may be correct.

It seems **reasonable** {to expect rapid urban growth}. 似乎**有理由期望**城市快速发展。

reasonably

You can **reasonably expect** your goods to arrive [within six to eight weeks]. 你**有理由预期**自己的货物会在6到8周内到达。

**4.ADJ-GRADED（价钱）合理的，公道的，不太贵的**If you say that the price of something is reasonable, you mean that it is fair and not too high.

You get an interesting meal [for **a reasonable price**]... 你**花不多的钱**，就可以吃一顿很特别的饭。

His fees were **quite reasonable**. 他的收费**还挺合理**。

reasonably

...**reasonably priced** accommodation. **价钱公道的**住宿

————————————

·The **episode** could **reasonably** serve as a unique **epic** （of **royal** **espionage**）!

**epic** [ 'e-pik] **n.史诗**



**es-pio-nage** [ˈes-piə-nɑ:ʒ] **n. 侦察；间谍活动**

